

TILAK MAHARASHTRA VIDYAPEETH, PUNE
B.B.A. LL.B. (FIVE YEARS INTEGRATED LAW COURSE)
(SEMESTER PATTERN) CREDIT SYSTEM
EXAMINATION : MAY - 2026
SECOND - SEMESTER
Sub.: General English-II (BBLW-25-2001)

Date : 05/05/2026	Total Marks : 60	Time: 10.00 a.m. To 12.30 p.m.
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Instructions: 1) All questions are compulsory.
2) Figure indicate to the right full marks.

Q. 1. Do as directed (Any Ten) (10)

1. What is the Etymology for 'Alibi'?
2. Who is a 'Plaintiff'?
3. What are 'Homographs'?
4. Give the one-word substitution for: "A person who saw a crime happen."
5. What is a 'Statute'?
6. Define 'Suffix' with a legal example.
7. Give an example of an 'Acronym' used in law.
8. Define 'Collocative Meaning'.
9. Define 'Morality' in the context of law.
10. Explain 'Emotive Meaning' in a legal argument.
11. Define the term 'Act'.
12. Give two legal words that are compound words.
13. Define 'Negligence' in law.

Q. 2. Read the following passage and answer the following questions: (15)
The Influence of Literature on Society

Literature is often described as a mirror of society. Through poems, plays, and novels, writers capture the struggles, joys, and values of their time. For a student, studying literature is not just about reading stories; it is about understanding human psychology and history. Literature fosters empathy by allowing readers to experience lives different from their own. It also serves as a tool for social reform by highlighting injustices. Whether it is a classic British poem or a modern Indian novel, literature continues to shape our collective identity.

Questions (2M each):

1. Why is literature called a "mirror of society"?
2. What do writers capture through their various works?
3. What is the deeper purpose of studying literature for a student?
4. How does literature foster empathy?
5. How can literature act as a tool for social reform?

Grammar (5M):

1. Literature is a mirror of society. (What kind of a sentence is this? – Interrogative/Declarative/Exclamatory).
2. Literature continues to shape our identity. (Identify the subject).
3. Writers captured the struggles. (Identify the Tense).
4. Give a Synonym for: **Empathy**.
5. Give an Antonym for: **Injustice**.

Q. 3. Answer the following: (10)

1. Explain the difference between an 'Act' and a 'Bill'.
2. Define 'Precedent' and explain why it is important for future court cases.
3. Define 'Abetment' and give a simple example of it.
4. Differentiate between 'Bail' and 'Parole'.

5. What is 'Polysemy'? Give an example of a word that has multiple meanings in law.

Q. 4. Write an essay on any one of the following:

- 1) Life Without the Internet: A Challenge or a Blessing? (10)
- 2) Should Voting Be Allowed at Age 16?
- 3) The Importance of Trees

Q. 5. Do as directed:

1. Write a Short Note on **Law vs. Morality** (05)
2. **Choose the correct option:** (05)
 - a. The word 'Courthouse' is an example of which word formation process?
 - A) Clipping
 - B) Blending
 - C) Compounding
 - D) Acronym
 - b. Which language is primarily used for proceedings in the Supreme Court of India?
 - A) Hindi
 - B) English
 - C) Regional Languages
 - D) Sanskrit
 - c. Words that are spelled the same but have different meanings (like 'Lead' the metal and 'Lead' the verb) are:
 - A) Homophones
 - B) Homographs
 - C) Synonyms
 - D) Antonyms
 - d. A proposed law that is still being debated in the legislature is called a/an:
 - A) Act
 - B) Bill
 - C) Statute
 - D) Verdict
 - e. If a person dies without making a 'Will,' they are said to have died:
 - A) Bankrupt
 - B) Intestate
 - C) Absconding
 - D) Discharge

3. Scenario-based Question. You have to read the scenario and answer accordingly: (05)

Scenario: The Suspicious Witness (Criminal Law)

The Situation: During a trial for Abetment of a crime, a witness named Rohan gives a statement that completely contradicts what he told the police during the Investigation. The judge suspects Rohan has been bribed to change his story.

- The Task: As the Public Prosecutor, warn the witness about the consequences of his changing story. Use the terms provided below.
- Must Use Terms: Oath, Testimony, Perjury, Confession, Verdict.