

TILAK MAHARASHTRA VIDYAPEETH, PUNE
BACHELOR OF LAWS (LL.B.) (Three Years Semester Pattern)/
B.A. LL.B. (FIVE YEARS INTEGRATED LAW COURSE)
(SEMESTER PATTERN) CREDIT SYSTEM
EXAMINATION : MAY- 2026
SIXTH/TENTH SEMESTER

Sub.: Bharitya Nagrik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023 Juvenile Justice Act, 2015 and Probation of Offenders Act, 1958 (LW-10001-601)

Date : 05/05/2026	Total Marks : 60	Time: 10.00 am to 12.30 pm
--------------------------	-------------------------	-----------------------------------

Instructions: 1) All questions are compulsory.
2) Figure indicate to the right full marks.

Q. 1. Answer the following question. (15)

1. A) Discuss the key provisions of the Bhartiya Nagrik Suraksha Sanhita (BNSS) 2023 and its impact on criminal justice.

OR

B) Explain the concept of bail and Types of bail under BNSS 2023.

Q. 2. Answer the following question. (15)

A) Discuss all criminal Trials under BNSS with appropriate flow charts

OR

B) Explain the provisions related to confessions and statements under BNSS 2023.

Q. 3. Write Short Notes. (any four) (20)

- a) Explain provisions relating to maintenance under BNSS
- b) FIR and Types of FIR under BNSS 2023
- c) Tender of Pardon
- d) Probation and parole
- e) Joinder, misjoinder and Non-joinder under BNSS
- f) Habitual offenders under BNSS 2023

Q. 4. Answer the following questions. (10)

A) A **17-year-old boy** is caught committing a serious offense under the influence of an adult gang. The prosecution wants him to be tried as an **adult** rather than a juvenile.

- Under what conditions can a juvenile be tried as an adult?
- What legal safeguards are available under the Juvenile Justice Act?

OR

B) A person is detained by the police for more than 30 hours without being presented before a magistrate. His family challenges the detention as illegal.

- Is the police action justified under BNSS 2023?
- What legal remedies are available to the detained person?