

TILAK MAHARASHTRA VIDYAPEETH, PUNE
BACHELOR OF LAWS (LL.B.) (Three Years Semester Pattern)/
B.A. LL.B. (FIVE YEARS INTEGRATED LAW COURSE)
(SEMESTER PATTERN) CREDIT SYSTEM
EXAMINATION : MAY - 2026
SECOND/SIXTH SEMESTER
Sub.: Family Law – II (LW-201/6002)

Date :05/05/2026	Total Marks : 60	Time: 10.00 am to 12.30 pm
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Instructions: 1) All questions are compulsory.
 2) Figure indicate to the right full marks.

Q. 1. Answer the following question. **(15)**

A) Explain the concept of Coparcenary under Hindu Law and its evolution post-2005 amendment.

OR

B) Explain in detail General Principles of Muslim inheritance

Q. 2. Answer the following question. **(15)**

A) Explain the General principles of succession of a Hindu Male under the Hindu Succession Act, 1956 with appropriate Case Laws

OR

B) Essentials of Gift (Hiba) and Types of Hiba under Muslim Law

Q. 3. Write Short Notes. (any four) **(20)**

- a) Classification of Property under Hindu Law
- b) Define Waqf and explain its essentials
- c) Discuss the concept of pre-emption (Shufa) in Muslim Law.
- d) Doctrine of Pious Obligation
- e) Types of Will under Indian Succession Act, 1925
- f) Succession of a Hindu Female under Hindu succession Act, 1956

Q. 4. Answer the following questions. **(10)**

A) Vikram, a coparcener in a Hindu Joint Family, went missing **15 years ago**, and no one has heard from him. His family wants to partition the property but is unsure about his share.

How does Hindu law treat the property rights of a person who has been missing for over **7 years**?

- Can his legal heirs claim his share?

OR

B) Rahul, a Hindu man, prepares a handwritten will on a plain sheet of paper, signed only by him. After his death, his relatives dispute the will's validity.

- Is the will legally valid?
 - What are the formal requirements for a valid will under the Indian Succession Act, 1925?
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