

TILAK MAHARASHTRA VIDYAPEETH, PUNE
B.A. LL.B. (FIVE YEARS INTEGRATED LAW COURSE)
(SEMESTER PATTERN) CREDIT SYSTEM
EXAMINATION: MAY - 2026
SECOND SEMESTER
Sub.: General English – II (BLW - 2001)

Date :05 /05/2026	Total Marks : 60	Time: 10.00 am to 12.30 pm
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Instructions: 1) All questions are compulsory.
2) Figure indicate to the right full marks.

Q. 1. Do as directed (Any ten): (10)

1. Define 'Connotative' Meaning.
2. Define 'Antonyms' and give a legal example.
3. What is a 'Bill' in a legislative process?
4. Define 'Precedent'.
5. What is an 'Ordinance'?
6. What is the 'Etymology' of a word?
7. Define 'Custom' as a source of law.
8. Define 'Acquittal'.
9. What is an 'Affidavit'?
10. Define 'Perjury'.
11. What is 'Bail'?
12. Define 'Negligence' in law.
13. What is a 'Verdict'?

Q. 2. Read the following passage and answer the following questions: (15)

Sustainable Development Goals

Sustainable development is the practice of meeting our current needs without compromising the ability of future generations to meet theirs. This involves a delicate balance between economic growth, environmental protection and social equity. Issues like climate change and resource depletion have made sustainability a global priority. Businesses today are encouraged to adopt "green" practices, such as reducing plastic use and lowering carbon footprints. For students, understanding these goals is crucial because they will be the leaders and policymakers of tomorrow.

Questions (2M each):

1. Define sustainable development.
2. What are the three pillars that need to be balanced for sustainability?
3. Why has sustainability become a global priority?
4. What are "green" practices in a business context?
5. Why is this topic crucial for the leaders of tomorrow?

Grammar (5M):

1. This involves a delicate balance. (Identify the Verb).
2. Sustainability is a global priority. (Change to a Simple Past sentence).
3. Future generations will meet their needs. (Identify the Pronoun).
4. Give a Synonym for: **Depletion**.
5. Give an Antonym for: **Equity**.

Q. 3. Answer the following: (10)

1. Explain the difference between 'Homophones' and 'Homographs'.
2. Explain the term 'Will' in two sentences.
3. Who is an 'Accomplice' in a criminal case? How is it different from an 'Approver'?
4. Explain the term 'Intestate'. What happens if a person dies intestate?
5. Explain 'Trespass' and give an example of trespassing on property.

Q.4 Write an essay on any one of the following: (10)

1. Are we too dependent on Technology?
2. Why should we save water?
3. Does Money guarantee Happiness?

Q.5 Do as directed.

1. Write a Short Note on "**Bill vs. Act**". (05)

2. **Choose the correct option:** (05)

a. **The literal, dictionary definition of a word is called its:**

- A) Connotative meaning
- B) Denotative meaning
- C) Social meaning
- D) Emotive meaning

b. **Words that are spelled the same but have different meanings (like 'Lead' the metal and 'Lead' the verb) are:**

- A) Homophones
- B) Homographs
- C) Synonyms
- D) Antonyms

c. **The word 'Judgment' having different specific meanings in different legal contexts is an example of:**

- A) Homophony
- B) Polysemy
- C) Alliteration
- D) Intonation

d. **Which legal term refers to a person who is accused of a crime in a court?**

- A) Plaintiff
- B) Defendant
- C) Deponent
- D) Testator

e. **What is a 'Precedent'?**

- A) A new law passed by Parliament.
- B) A previous court decision that serves as a rule for future cases.
- C) A formal apology in court.
- D) The opening speech of a lawyer.

3. Scenario-based Question. You have to read the scenario and answer accordingly: (05)

Scenario: The Hit-and-Run Case (Procedural Law)

The Situation: A driver is caught three days after hitting a pedestrian. The police want to keep him in jail to find out where he hid the car, but the driver's lawyer wants him out because the driver has a family to look after.

- The Task: As the Defense Lawyer, argue for the driver's release before the Magistrate.
- Must Use Terms: Accused, Bail, Remand, Detention, Negligence.