

Sub.: Management of Air Cargo (BBA23-AV 417)

Time: 10.00 am To 12.30 pm

2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

(05)

- Which of the following is a class of dangerous goods?
 - Fresh fruits
 - Radioactive material
 - Printed documents
 - Clothing
- What colour label is typically used for infectious substances?
 - Red
 - Yellow
 - White
 - Black
- Which document is essential for the export of air cargo?
 - Insurance policy
 - Air Waybill
 - Invoice
 - Delivery order
- Vulnerable cargo generally includes:
 - Industrial machinery
 - Fresh vegetables
 - Precious stones
 - Wooden furniture
- Which code governs the transport of dangerous goods by air?
 - ICAO Code
 - UCP 600
 - IATA DGR
 - IMO Code

(05)

1. Dangerous goods must always be declared before air shipment.
a) True
b) False
2. Export documentation is the same as import documentation.
a) True
b) False
3. Live animals are not allowed to be transported by air.
a) True
b) False
4. Marking and labeling are optional for hazardous shipments.
a) True
b) False
5. Cash can be carried without RBI permission in VAL.
a) True
b) False

(15)

1. Classification of dangerous goods
2. Labeling in air cargo
3. What is marking and why it's important in Air Cargo
4. Who is a Freight Forwarder his role and importance?
5. What is Trade Enquiry and Electronic Data Interchange.

Q. 4. Answer in detail (Any Two) (20)

1. Describe the steps involved in the export documentation procedure.
2. Describe the steps involved in the import documentation procedure.
3. Discuss the handling and documentation required for vulnerable cargo.
4. Explain the importance of proper marking and labeling in air cargo operations.

Q. 5. Case study (15)

If you are working in cargo warehouse and overcome with below mentioned scenarios.

Questions:

1. If you are handling a consignment of Human Remains?
 2. If you are handling a consignment of Perishables?
 3. If you are handling a consignment of Vulnerable Cargo?
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